Legal Interpreting Basics

Slide 1. : Legal Interpreting Basics

Carla M. Mathers, Esquire, SC:L A MARIE Center Presentation

- Slide 2. Starting point: definitions
 - 1. Community Interpreting
 - 2. Legal Interpreting
 - 3. Quasi-legal Interpreting
 - 4. Court Interpreting
- Slide 3. Legal Interpreting Specialty -- Assumptions/core values
 - 1. Generalist competency is a pre-requisite
 - 2. Established generalist practice
 - 3. Supervised work experience
 - 4. Regular collegial reflection with peers
 - 5. Specialists often work in Deaf-hearing teams
- Slide 4. Legal Interpreting Competency Domains
 - 1. Court/Legal Systems
 - 2. Legal Theory
 - 3. Protocol
 - 4. Interpreting
 - 5. Professional Development
- Slide 5. Court and Legal Systems Knowledge
 - 1. General understanding of the legal system: Procedural and substantive; Protocol typical of legal personnel
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- 5. Legal standard of reasonably competent interpretation (expert issues)
- 6. Due process tests for competent interpretation
- 7. Immunity theories for court interpreters

Slide 7. Protocol Knowledge

- 1. Conflicts of interest & process of disclosure
- 2. Officer of the court scope of duty
- 3. Voir dire proficiency
- 4. Proper modes of interpreting
- 5. Speaking for the record
- 6. Various roles for legal interpreters
- 7. Jury duty interpreting
- 8. Placement
- 9. Security protocol
- 10. Responding to subpoenas

Slide 8. Interpreting Knowledge

- 1. Historical legal basis for court interpreting
- 2. Discourse structure of legal texts
- 3. Discourse structure of ASL legal texts
- 4. Ability to assess skills accurately
- 5. Accurate interpreting in appropriate register
- 6. Ability to articulate for a Deaf Interpreter Specialist
- 7. Ability to advocate for and work with a team interpreter
- 8. Ability to argue for appropriate hiring practices

Slide 9. Interpreting Knowledge Continued

- 1. Preparation
- 2. Ethical decision-making
- 3. Consecutive interpreting & note-taking
- 4. Simultaneous interpreting
- 5. Sight translation
- 6. Consistency in staffing
- 7. Court hiring practices

Slide 10.

3. Performance examination

Slide 12. Eligibility Requirements

- 1. Degree requirement: h
- 2. Category 1: Certified, BA or AA in interpreting; 50 hours experience/30 hours formal training
- 3. Category 2: Certified, AA any field; 75 hours experience/50 hours formal training
- 4. Category 3: Certified, Degree???, 100 experience/70 training
- 5. Category 4Current SC: L retake

Slide 13. Written Examination -- Domains

- 1. Language
- 2. Judicial System
- 3. Team Interpreting
- 4. Professional Issues

Slide 14. Language 25%

- 1. Legal terms/phrases
- 2. Challenges presented by legalese

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- 7. Issues arising from non-standard signers
- 8. Determining interpreting needs
- 9. Implications of youthful consumers

Slide 15. Judicial System 40%

- 1. Law enforcement
- 2. Miranda

Slide 17. Professional Issues 20%

- 1. State and federal interpreting legislation
- 2. Legal ethics
- 3. Liability issues

Slide 18. Performance Examination

- 1. Miranda warnings
- 2. Courtroom scene
- 3. Voir dire of Deaf interpreter
- 4. Undergo voir dire as candidate
- 5. Jury instructions

Slide 19. Resources

1. RID Legal Interpreters Members Section

http://www.ridlims.com/LIMS/LIMS.html

Conference activities

Interim activities

Yahoo list serve

2. MARIE Center

http://www.unco.edu/marie/legal_interpreters.html

Legal Interpreter Preparation Program

Institute for Legal Interpreting

3. NAJIT

www.najit.org

4. NCSC Consortium for Language Access

http://www.ncsc.org/Education-and-Careers/State-Interpreter-Certification-Archive.aspx

Slide 20. Questions and Next Steps